### **Why Focus on Trees?**

Trees are a practical, low-cost common-sense way to save energy for homes and other buildings. According to the US Department of Energy, proper placement of just three trees will save an average household between \$100-\$250 in energy costs per year.

The larger the tree at maturity, the greater the energy savings for the homeowner. When space allows, choose a large-sized shade tree rather than an ornamental tree species.

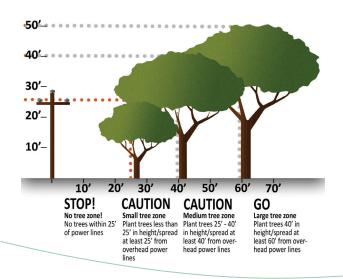
## **Tree and Utility Line Conflicts**

Three different zones of tree planting to consider:

**Zone 1** – Directly under utility lines to 20 feet from overhead utility lines: Use 25' maximum tree height (ornamental trees)

**Zone 2** – From 20-50 ft. from overhead utility line: Use 35' max. tree height (medium trees)

**Zone 3** – 50 ft. and beyond from overhead utility: No height restrictions on trees (large shade trees)



### **5 Recommended Large Shade Trees**



Kentucky Coffee Tree London Planetree Hackberry **Thornless Honey Locust** Swamp White Oak

Kentucky Coffee Tree

#### **5 Recommended Medium Trees**



American Hornbeam (Blue Beech) Ohio Buckeye Ironwood (Hophornbeam) **Amur Cherry** 

**5 Recommended Small Trees** 

Little Leaf Linden



Eastern Redbud

Eastern Redbud Serviceberry (various cultivars) Paw Paw Pagoda Dogwood Thornless Cockspur Hawthorn

**5 Recommended Conifers** for Windbreaks (Large Trees)



White Fir (Concolor Fir) **Norway Spruce** Black Hills Spruce Eastern White Pine Eastern Arborvitae

Eastern White Pine

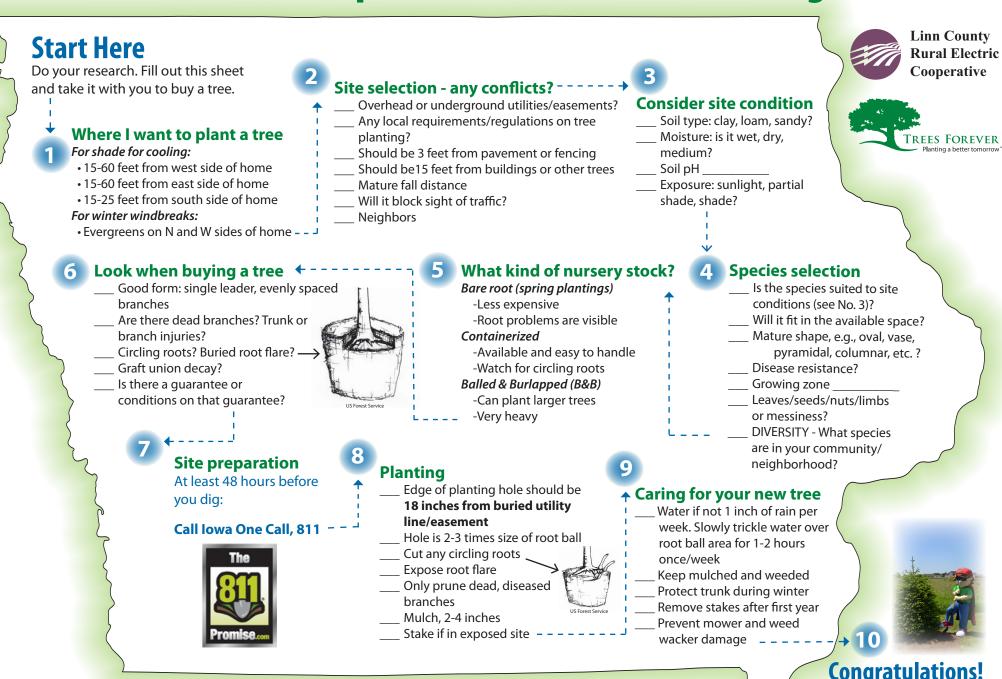
# **Your Roadmap**

for Selecting and **Planting Trees** 

# A Guide for Homeowners



# **Your Roadmap to Successful Tree Plantings**



For more information: www.treesforever.org

Congratulations!
You are now an informed

You are now an informed tree owner!